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2022 Consumer Confidence Report for Public Water System CORYELL CITY WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT

T	his is your water quality report for January 1 to Decembe	r 31, 2022	For more information regarding this report contact:					
	ORYELL CITY WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT provides Purchased elton Lake located in Bell County.	d Surface Water from	NameCoryell City Water Supply District					
_	eton take located in beli county.		Phone254-865-6089					
			Este reporte incluye información importante sobre el agua para tomar. Para asistencia en español, favor de llamar al telefono (254) 8656089.					
	Definitions and Abbreviations							
	Definitions and Abbreviations	The following tables contain scientific terms and me	asures, some of which may require explanation.					
	Action Level:	The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceed	led, triggers treatment or other requirements which a water system must follow.					
	Avg:	Regulatory compliance with some MCLs are based or	n running annual average of monthly samples.					
	Level 1 Assessment:	A Level 1 assessment is a study of the water system water system.	to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why total coliform bacteria have been found in our					
	Level 2 Assessment:	A Level 2 assessment is a very detailed study of the and/or why total coliform bacteria have been found	water system to identify potential problems and determine (if possible) why an E. coli MCL violation has occurred in our water system on multiple occasions.					
	Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL:	The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in	drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.					
	Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG:	The level of a contaminant in drinking water below v	which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.					
	Maximum residual disinfectant level or MRDL:	The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking contaminants.	g water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial					
	Maximum residual disinfectant level goal or MRDLG:	The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which control microbial contaminants.	ch there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to					
	MFL	million fibers per liter (a measure of asbestos)						
	mrem:	millirems per year (a measure of radiation absorbed	by the body)					
	na:	not applicable.						
	NTU	nephelometric turbidity units (a measure of turbidity	y)					
	pCi/L	picocuries per liter (a measure of radioactivity)						

Definitions and Abbreviations

ppb: micrograms per liter or parts per billion

ppm: milligrams per liter or parts per million

ppq parts per quadrillion, or picograms per liter (pg/L)
ppt parts per trillion, or nanograms per liter (ng/L)

Treatment Technique or TT: A required process intended to reduce the level of a contaminant in drinking water.

Information about your Drinking Water

The sources of drinking water (both tap water and bottled water) include rivers, lakes, streams, ponds, reservoirs, springs, and wells. As water travels over the surface of the land or through the ground, it dissolves naturally-occurring minerals and, in some cases, radioactive material, and can pick up substances resulting from the presence of animals or from human activity.

Drinking water, including bottled water, may reasonably be expected to contain at least small amounts of some contaminants. The presence of contaminants does not necessarily indicate that water poses a health risk. More information about contaminants and potential health effects can be obtained by calling the EPAs Safe Drinking Water Hotline at (800) 426-4791.

Contaminants that may be present in source water include:

- Microbial contaminants, such as viruses and bacteria, which may come from sewage treatment plants, septic systems, agricultural livestock operations, and wildlife.
- Inorganic contaminants, such as salts and metals, which can be naturally-occurring or result from urban storm water runoff, industrial or domestic wastewater discharges, oil and gas production, mining, or farming.
- Pesticides and herbicides, which may come from a variety of sources such as agriculture, urban storm water runoff, and residential uses.
- Organic chemical contaminants, including synthetic and volatile organic chemicals, which are by-products of industrial processes and petroleum production, and can also come from gas stations, urban storm water runoff, and septic systems.
- Radioactive contaminants, which can be naturally-occurring or be the result of oil and gas production and mining activities.

In order to ensure that tap water is safe to drink, EPA prescribes regulations which limit the amount of certain contaminants in water provided by public water systems. FDA regulations establish limits for contaminants in bottled water which must provide the same protection for public health.

Contaminants may be found in drinking water that may cause taste, color, or odor problems. These types of problems are not necessarily causes for health concerns. For more information on taste, odor, or color of drinking water, please contact the system's business office.

You may be more vulnerable than the general population to certain microbial contaminants, such as Cryptosporidium, in drinking water. Infants, some elderly, or immunocompromised persons such as those undergoing chemotherapy for cancer; persons who have undergone organ transplants; those who are undergoing treatment with steroids; and people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, can be particularly at risk from infections. You should seek advice about drinking water from your physician or health care providers. Additional guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

If present, elevated levels of lead can cause serious health problems, especially for pregnant women and young children. Lead in drinking water is primarily from materials and components associated with service lines and home plumbing. We are responsible for providing high quality drinking water, but we cannot control the variety of materials used in plumbing components. When your water has been sitting for several hours, you can minimize the potential for lead exposure by flushing your tap for 30 seconds to 2 minutes before using water for drinking or cooking. If you are concerned about lead in your water, you may wish to have your water tested. Information on lead in drinking water, testing methods, and steps you can take to minimize exposure is available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline or at http://www.epa.gov/safewater/lead.

Information about Source Water

CORYELL CITY WATER SUPPLY DISTRICT purchases water from CITY OF GATESVILLE. CITY OF GATESVILLE provides purchase surface water from [insert source name of aquifer, reservoir, and/or river] located in [insert name of County or City].

[insert a table containing any contaminant that was detected in the provider's water for this calendar year, unless that contaminant has been separately monitored in your water system (i.e. TTHM, HAA5, Lead and Copper, Coliforms)].

TCEQ completed an assessment of your source water, and results indicate that some of our sources are susceptible to certain contaminants. The sampling requirements for your water system is based on this susceptibility and previous sample data. Any detections of these contaminants will be found in this Consumer Confidence Report. For more information on source water assessments and protection efforts at our system contact [insert water system contact][insert phone number]

Coliform Bacteria

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal	Total Coliform Maximum Contaminant Level	Fecal Coliform or E. Coli Maximum Contaminant Level	Total No. of Positive E. Coli or Fecal Coliform Samples	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
0	1 positive monthly sample.		0	N	Naturally present in the environment.

Lead and Copper	Date Sampled	MCLG	Action Level (AL)	90th Percentile	# Sites Over AL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Copper	09/30/2020	1.3	1.3	0.0956	0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Leaching from wood preservatives; Corrosion of household plumbing

2022 Water Quality Test Results

Disinfection By-Products	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Haloacetic Acids (HAA5)	2022	25	8.1 - 33.3	No goal for the total	60	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.

^{*}The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all HAA5 sample results collected at a location over a year

Total Trihalomethanes (TTHM)	2022	57	32.6 - 66	No goal for the	80	ppb	N	By-product of drinking water disinfection.
				total				

^{*}The value in the Highest Level or Average Detected column is the highest average of all TTHM sample results collected at a location over a year

Inorganic Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Barium	01/15/2020	0.0709	0.0709 - 0.0709	2	2	ppm	N	Discharge of drilling wastes; Discharge from metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits.
Cyanide	01/15/2020	60	60 - 60	200	200	ppb	N	Discharge from plastic and fertilizer factories; Discharge from steel/metal factories.
Fluoride	01/15/2020	0.18	0.18 - 0.18	4	4.0	ppm	N	Erosion of natural deposits; Water additive which promotes strong teeth; Discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories.
Nitrate [measured as Nitrogen]	2022	0.35	0.17 - 0.35	10	10	ppm	N	Runoff from fertilizer use; Leaching from septic tanks, sewage; Erosion of natural deposits.
Selenium	01/15/2020	3.1	3.1 - 3.1	50	50	ppb	N	Discharge from petroleum and metal refineries; Erosion of natural deposits; Discharge from mines.

Radioactive Contaminants	Collection Date	Highest Level Detected	Range of Individual Samples	MCLG	MCL	Units	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Beta/photon emitters	01/15/2020	5.4	5.4 - 5.4	0	50	pCi/L*	N	Decay of natural and man-made deposits.

^{*}EPA considers 50 pCi/L to be the level of concern for beta particles.

Turbidity

	Level Detected	Limit (Treatment Technique)	Violation	Likely Source of Contamination
Highest single measurement	0.14 NTU	1 NTU	N	Soil runoff.
Lowest monthly % meeting limit	100%	0.3 NTU	N	Soil runoff.

Information Statement: Turbidity is a measurement of the cloudiness of the water caused by suspended particles. We monitor it because it is a good indicator of water quality and the effectiveness of our filtration system and disinfectants.

Disinfectant Residual

A blank disinfectant residual table has been added to the CCR template, you will need to add data to the fields. Your data can be taken off the Disinfectant Level Quarterly Operating Reports (DLQOR).

Disinfectant Residual	Year	Average Level	Range of Levels Detected	MRDL	MRDLG	Unit of Measure	Violation (Y/N)	Source in Drinking Water
	2022			4	4		ppm	Water additive used to control microbes.

Violations

E. coli								
Fecal coliforms and E. coli are bacteria whose presence indicates that the water may be contaminated with human or animal wastes. Microbes in these wastes can cause short-term effects, such as diarrhea, cramps, nausea, headaches, or other symptoms. They may pose a special health risk for infants, young children, and people with severely compromised immune systems.								
Violation Type	Violation Begin	Violation End	Violation Explanation					
MONITOR GWR TRIGGERED/ADDITIONAL, MAJOR	04/29/2020	10/21/2022	We failed to collect follow-up samples within 24 hours of learning of the total coliform-positive sample. These needed to be tested for fecal indicators from all sources that were being used at the time the positive sample was collected.					
MONITOR GWR TRIGGERED/ADDITIONAL, MAJOR	11/18/2020	10/21/2022	We failed to collect follow-up samples within 24 hours of learning of the total coliform-positive sample. These needed to be tested for fecal indicators from all sources that were being used at the time the positive sample was collected.					